

CLASS IX SAMPLE PAPER **SCIENCE**

Matter In Our Surroundings

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1.	Ca	Camphor is purified by the process of –								
	a.	. evaporation b. distillation		c. sublimation		d. filtration				
2.	LP	LPG is used in the kitchens in our homes in the-								
	a. Solid form b. compressed f		orm	c. gased	ous form	d. none.				
3.	Wł	nich of the following	is not fluid -	a. wate	r,	b. air,	c. sand,	d. sharbat?		
4.	On	Kelvin scale 0°C is	is equal to – a. 273 l		K	b273 K	c. 0 K	d. 100 K		
5.	SI	SI unit of temperature is -		a. Kelv	in	b. Celsius	c. Fahrenheit	d. Pascal		
6.	Dr	y ice means –		a. solid	SO_2	b. solid water	c. solid CO ₂	d. solid CO		
7.	Co	ndensation is a proce	ess which involve	es conve	rsion of	_				
	a.	a. solid into liquid b. liquid into vapour		pour	c. vapour into liquid		d. liquid into so	lid		
8.	During evaporation, the particles of liquid evaporate from –									
	a. The bulk of liquid b. surface only			c. the si	urface and bulk	of liquid	d. none of them.			
9.	Which of the following will not sublime –									
	a.	Camphor	b. ammonium c	hloride		c. bromine	d. iodine?			
10.	10. A state of matter which has a definite shape and fixed volume –									
	a.	Solid	b. liquid		c. gas		d. none of these).		
11.	A state of matter which does not have a definite shape but has definite volume –									
	a.	Solid	b. liquid		c. gas		d. none of these	. .		
12.	As	A state of matter which neither has neither definite shape nor definite volume –								
	a.	Solid	b. liquid		c. gas		d. none of these	. .		
13.	. The states of matter can be changed by changing –									
	a.	Temperature	b. pressure		c. both	(a) and (b)	d. none of these	<i>)</i> .		
14.	The	The rate of evaporation does not depend on –								
	a. Temperature b. humidity			c. pressure		d. speed of wine	d.			



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15.	Wh	Which of the following is accompanied by cooling –									
	a.	Vaporization	b. evaporation	c. condensation	d. none of these.						
16.	Αb	A bulk phenomenon in which particles from whole of the liquid change into vapour state is called -									
	a. E	Boiling	b. cooling	c. melting	d. none of these.						
17.	The	The amount of heat energy required to change 1 kg of solid into liquid at its melting point is called -									
	a.	Melting point	b. latent heat of fusion	c. boiling point	d. latent heat of vaporization.						
18.	The	The amount of heat energy required to change 1 kg of liquid into solid at its boiling point is called – a									
	Melting point b. latent heat of fusion c. boiling point d. latent heat of vaporization.										
19.	The	e density of water is	than that of i	ce. a. More b. less	c. equal to d. none.						
20.	20. The temperature at which the solid melts to become a liquid at the atmospheric pressure is called										
	a.	Boiling point	b. melting point	c. freezing point	d. none of these.						
21.	The	The temperature at which the vapour pressure of the liquid becomes equal to the atmospheric pressure is									
called –											
	a.	Boiling point	b. melting point	c. freezing point	d. none of these.						
22.	Wh	Which is not the characteristic of matter –									
a. particles of a matter are continuously moving,											
	b. particles of matter move faster on increasing temperature,c. particles of matter intermix with each other on their own,										
	d.	d. Particles of all maters have same kinetic energy.									
23.	The										
	a.	Solid	b. liquid	c. gas	d. all of these.						
24.	Wh	nich of the following	is the simplest form of n	natter –							
	a.	Element	b. mixture	c. compound	d. none of these.						
25.	Wh	ich of them is most e	energetic –								
	a.	Solids	b. liquids	c. gases	d. all of them.						
26.	Wh	Which of the following is correct for something to be called matter -									
	a. It should occupy space b. It should have mass c. Both (a) and (b) d. None of these.										
27.	Wh	Which of the following cannot be considered as matter –									
	a.	Mixture	b. affection	c. gas	d. liquid.						
28.	Wh	Which of the following is correct about solid carbon dioxide –									
	a.	a. It is used in theatres to give special effects.									
	b. It is extremely cold substance.										
	c.	It is used to keep from	eeze food and to keep ice	e-cream cold.							

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- d. All of them.
- e. None of them.
- 29. Which of the following statements is not correct
 - a. The density of ice is less than the density of water.
 - b. To convert a temperature on the Kelvin scale to Celsius scale, subtract 273 from the given temperature.
 - c. To convert a temperature on the Celsius scale to Kelvin scale, add 273 to the given temperature.
 - d. Vaporisation of a liquid causes cooling.
- 30. When a substance is directly changed from solid state to gas on heating or from gas to solid on cooling, this process is called
 - a. Evaporation b. condensation c. sublimation d. vaporization
